Mental Maths Policy

	Recall: Children should be able to derive and recall:	Mental Calculation skills: Working mentally, with jottings if needed, children should be able to:	Mental methods or strategies: Children should understand when to and be able to apply these strategies:
Year 1			
Adding and subtracting pairs of numbers	 Number pairs with a total of 10, e.g. 3+7, or what to add to a single-digit number to make 10, e.g. 3+Δ=10 Addition facts for totals to at least 5, e.g. 2+ 3, 3+4 	 Add or subtract a pair of single-digit numbers, e.g. 4+5, 8-3 Add or subtract a single-digit number to or from a teens number, e.g.13-5, 17-3 Add or subtract a single-digit to or from 10, and add a multiple of 10 to a single-digit number, e.g. 10+7, 7+30 	 Reorder numbers when adding, e.g. put the larger number first Count on or back in ones, twos or tens Partition small numbers, e.g. 8+3=8+2+1 Partition and combine tens and ones
Doubling numbers	 Addition doubles for all numbers to at least 10, e.g. 8+8 	• Add near doubles, e.g. 6+7	Partition: double and adjust, e.g. 5+6=5+5+1
Number sequences	Odd and even numbers to 20	 Count on and back to 0 in ones, twos, fives or tens 	 Use patterns of last digits, e.g. 0 and 5 when counting in fives
Year 2			
Adding and subtracting pairs of numbers	 Addition and subtraction facts for all numbers up to at least 10, e.g. 3+4, 8-5 Number pairs with totals to 20 	 Add or subtract a pair of single-digit numbers including crossing 10, e.g. 5+8, 12-7 Add or subtract a single-digit number to or from a two-digit number, including crossing the 	 Reorder numbers when adding Partition: bridge through 10 and multiples of 10 when adding or subtracting

		tens boundary, e.g. 52-7	
Calculations using multiples of tens	 All pairs of multiples of 10 with totals up to 100, e.g. 30+70, or 60+Δ=100 What must be added to any 2-digit number to make the next multiple of 10, e.g. 52+Δ=60 	 Add or subtract any single-digit number to or from a multiple of 10, e.g. 60+5, 80-7 Add or subtract a multiple of 10 to or from any two-digit number, e.g. 27+60, 72-50 Add 9, 19, etc or 11, 21, etc 	 Partition and combine multiples of tens and ones Use knowledge of pairs making 10 Count on in tens or ones to find totals Count on or back in tens or ones to find the difference Partition: add a multiple of 10 and adjust by 1
Doubling and halving	Addition doubles for all numbers to 20, e.g. 17+17 and multiples of 10 to 50, e.g. 40+40 and all corresponding halves	 Double any multiple of 5 up to 50, e.g. double 35 Add near doubles, e.g. 13+14 Find half of even numbers to 40 	 Partition: double the tens and ones separately, then recombine Partition: double and adjust Use knowledge that halving is the inverse of doubling and that doubling is equivalent to multiplying by two
Multiplication and division facts	 Multiplication facts for the 2, 5 and 10 times- tables and corresponding division facts Odd and even numbers to 100 	 Find the total number of objects when they are grouped into 2, 5 or 10 	Use knowledge of multiplication facts from the 2, 5 and 10 timestables, e.g. recognise that there are 15 objects altogether because there are 3 groups of 5
Year 3 Adding and subtracting pairs of numbers	Addition and subtraction facts for all numbers to 20, e.g. 17-9, drawing on knowledge of inverse operations	 Add and subtract groups of small numbers, e.g. 5-3+2 Add and subtract 2-digit numbers, e.g. 34+65 	 Reorder numbers when adding Partition: count on in tens and ones to find the total Partition: count on or

Calculations involving tens (and multiples of ten) and hundreds	 Sums and differences of multiples of 10, e.g. 50+80 Pairs of 2-digit numbers with a total of 100, e.g. 32+68 	 Add or subtract a 2-digit number to or from a multiple of 10, e.g. 50-38 Multiply 1-digit or 2-digit numbers by 10 or 100, e.g. 46x10 	back in tens and ones to find the difference Use knowledge that halving is the inverse of doubling Identify pairs totalling 10 or multiples of 10 Partition: add or subtract 10 or 20 and adjust Recognise that when multiplying by 10 or 100 the digits move one or two places to the left and 0 is a place holder
Doubling and halving	 Addition doubles for multiples of 10 to 100, e.g. 90+90 and corresponding halves 	 Add near doubles, e.g. 18+16 Double any multiple of 5 up to 100, e.g. double 35 Halve any multiple of 10 up to 200, e.g. halve 170 	 Partition: add, double or halve tens and ones separately then recombine Partition: double and adjust
Time			 Partition: count on or back in minutes and hours, bridging through 60 (analogue)
Multiplication and division facts	 Multiplication facts and corresponding division facts for 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, and 10 times-tables 	 Find unit fractions of numbers and quantities involving halves, thirds, quarters, fifths and tenths 	Recognise that finding a unit fraction is equivalent to dividing by the denominator and use knowledge of division facts
Year 4			
Calculations involving tens, hundreds and thousands	 Sums and differences of pairs of multiples of 10, 100, 1000 What must be added to 	 Add or subtract a near-multiple of 10, e.g. 56-29 Add or subtract 2-digit or 3-digit multiples of 10, 	 Count on or back in hundreds, tens, ones Add or subtract a multiple of 10 and adjust,

	any 3-digit number to make the next multiple of 100, e.g. 521+ =600	e.g. 140+170 • Multiply and divide numbers to 1000 by 10 and then 100, e.g. 850 divided by 10 • Multiply a multiple of 10 to 100 by a single digit number, e.g. 40x3	 e.g. 56-29=56-30+1 Use knowledge of place value and related calculations, e.g. 140+150=290 using 14+15=19 Use understanding that when a number is multiplied or divided by 10 or 100, its digits move one or two places to the left of the right and 0 is used as a place holder Use knowledge of multiplication facts and place value, e.g. 7x8=56 to find 70x8 or 7x80
Adding and subtracting 2-digit numbers	•	 Add or subtract any pair of 2-digit numbers, including crossing the tens and 100 boundary, e.g. 47+58 	 Partition: add tens and ones separately and recombine Partition: subtract tens and then ones, e.g. subtracting 27 by subtracting 20 then 7 Subtract by counting up from the smaller to the larger number
Doubling and halving	 Doubles of multiples of 10 and 100 and corresponding halves Addition doubles of numbers 1 to 100, e.g.38+38 and the corresponding halves 	 Halve any even number to 200 Add near doubles of 2-digit numbers, e.g. 38+37 	Partition: double/halve tens and ones separately, recombine and adjust
Time			 Partition: count on or back in minutes and

Multiplication and division facts	 Multiplication facts to 10x10 and the corresponding division facts Factor pairs for known multiplication facts 	 Multiply numbers to 20 by a single digit, e.g. 17x3 Identify remainders when dividing by 2, 5, 10 Give the factor pair associated with a multiplication fact , e.g. 2x3=6 so 2 and 3 are factors 	hours, bridging through 60 (analogue and digital) • Use partitioning and the distributive law to multiply, e.g. 13x4=(10x4) + (3x4)
Fractions and decimals	 Fraction and decimal equivalents of one half, quarters, tenths, and hundredths Pairs of fractions that total 1 	Find unit fractions and simple non-unit fractions of numbers and quantities, e.g.3/8 of 24	
Year 5 Decimals, fractions and percentages	 Sums and differences of decimals, e.g. 6.5 +2.7 What must be added to a decimal with units and tenths to make the next whole number, e.g. 7.2 +? =8 Related unit fractions of multiplication/division facts, e.g. 1/9 of 63 is 7 Percentage equivalents of one half, one quarter, three quarters, tenths and hundredths 	 Add or subtract any pairs of decimals with units and tenths, e.g. 5.7-2.9 Find fractions of whole numbers or quantities, e.g. 2/3 of 70kg Find 50%, 25%, 10% of whole numbers or quantities, e.g. 10% of £80 	 Use knowledge of place value and related calculations, e.g. 6.3-4.8 using 63-48 Subtract by counting up from the smaller number to the larger number Use knowledge of equivalence between fractions and percentages
Calculations involving multiples of 10, 100, 1000	What must be added to any 4-digit number to make the next multiple of	 Add or subtract a pair of 2-digit numbers or 3- digit multiples of 10, e.g. 	 Count on or back in hundreds, tens, ones and tenths

	1000, e.g. 4087 +? = 5000	 47+86 or 620-240 Add or subtract a nearmultiple of 10 or 100 to any 2-digit or 3-digit number, e.g. 235-198 Find the difference between near multiples of 100, e.g. 607-588, or of 1000, e.g. 6070-4087 Multiply 2-digit numbers by 5 or 20, e.g. 14x20 Multiply by 25 or 50, e.g. 48x25 Multiply and divide whole numbers and decimals by 10, 100 or 1000 Multiply pairs of multiples of 10, e.g. 60x30, and a multiple of 100 by a single digit, e.g. 900x8 Divide a multiple of 10 by a single digit 	 Partition: add hundreds, tens, ones separately and recombine Add or subtract a multiple of 10 or 100 and adjust Form an equivalent calculation, e.g. to multiply by 5, multiply by 10 then halve Use understanding that when a number is multiplied or divided by 10 or 100, its digits move one or two places to the left of the right and 0 is used as a place holder Use knowledge of multiplication and division facts and understanding of place value, e.g. when calculating with multiples of 10
Doubling and halving	Doubles and halves of decimals	 Double 3-digit multiples of 10 to 500, e.g. 380x2 and find corresponding halves Multiply and divide 2-digit numbers by 4 or 8, e.g. 96 divided by 8 	 Multiply or divide by 4 or 8 by repeated doubling or halving Partition: double and adjust
Time			 Partition: count on or back in minutes and hours, bridging through 60 (analogue and digital)

Multiplication and division facts	Squares to 10x10Factor pairs to 100	 Find the remainder after dividing a 2-digit by a single digit number Find factor pairs for numbers to 100 	 Use knowledge of division facts to find a remainder Use knowledge of multiplication and division facts to find factor pairs
Year 6			
Addition and subtraction facts		 Add or subtract pairs of decimals with units, tenths or hundredths Add or subtract a decimal with units and tenths that is nearly a whole number, e.g. 6.5-3.8 	•
Calculations involving tenths, hundredths, multiples of 10 and 100, etc	 Addition and subtraction facts for multiples of 10 to 1000 and decimal numbers with one decimal place, e.g. 660+?=930, ?-1.8=2.5 What must be added to a decimal with units, tenths and hundredths to make the next whole number, e.g. 7.26+?=8 Squares of multiples of 10 	 Divide by 25 or 50, e.g. 2300 divided by 25 Multiply pairs of multiples of 10 and 100, e.g. 50x30 Divide multiples of 100 by a multiple of of 10 or 100, e.g. 600 divided by 20 	 Count on or back in hundreds, tens, ones, tenths, hundredths Use knowledge of place value and related calculations, e.g. 680-430, 6.8-4.3, 0.68-0.43, etc can all be worked out from 68-43 Form an equivalent calculation, e.g. to divide by 25, divide by 100 then multiply by 4
Doubling and halving		 Find doubles of decimals each with units and tenths Add near doubles of decimals Double decimals with units and tenths and the corresponding halves, e.g. half of 15.2 	 Partition: double and adjust Partition: add or subtract a whole number and adjust, e.g. 4.3-2.9= 4.3-3+0.1

Time			 Count on or back in minutes and hours, bridging through 60 (analogue, digital, 12 hour and 24 hour)
Multiplication and division facts	 Squares to 12x12 Prime numbers less than 100 	 Multiply pairs of 2-digit and single digit numbers Divide a 2-digit number by a single digit number Multiply and divide 2-digit decimals such as 4.8 divided by 6 Identify numbers with odd and even numbers of factors and no factor pairs other than 1 and themselves Scale up and down using known facts, e.g. 3 oranges cost 24p so 4 oranges cost ? 	 Partition: use partitioning and the distributive law to divide tens and ones separately, e.g. 94 divided by 4 = (80+12) divided by 4 Recognise how to scale up or down using division or multiplication, e.g. 24p divided by 3 = 8, 4x 8 = 32p Use knowledge of multiplication and division facts to identify factor pairs and numbers with only two factors
Percentages and fractions	Equivalent fractions, decimals, percentages for hundredths	 Find 10% or multiples of 10%, of whole numbers and quantities Simplify fractions by cancelling 	 Use knowledge of the equivalence between fractions and percentages and the relationship between fractions and division